that the consul has nothing on the matter

from his government and is awaiting dis-In addition to these disquieting facts Mataafa has had a little trouble with the British war ship Porpoise. The Porpoise, after matters had settled down in Apia, went for a cruise around the group. When she returned Captain Sturdy found that no natives came near his ship and that a taboo had been declared against the vessel. He at once sent a note to the provincial government demanding an apology and a withdrawal of the boycott. To this Dr. Raffel, as executive head, replied that the boycott was not against men-of-war, but against the chief justice, who was a guest on board. A still sharper note was sent by Captain Sturdy to the effect that he would take decisive action at once and the boycott was removed. Her Majesty's ship Royalist is now here also. The chief justice, although now recognized by the German consul under instructions from Germany, is still being thwarted in | divided into \$12,500,000 6-per-cent. cumulaevery possible way by the Germans. Dr. Raffel was cited by the chief justice for contempt, but declined to come to court and placed himself under the protection of the German consul. He was arrested by the marshal of the court, but on his refusal to go no attempt was made to force him. The chief justice rested content with having Y., and a factory at Elizabethport, N. J .; brought the matter to this issue. Herr Von Bulow was also cited for contempt and disputed the jurisdiction of the court on the same ground as Dr. Raffel. The German consul interposed his protest, but Bulow has nevertheless been summoned to appear in two weeks, H. Moores, an American, apolo gized to the court for writing a threatening letter and was purged of contempt. Herr Grossmuhls still remains in the German consulate and will not venture out for fear of

The Associated Press correspondent shortly after the seizure of the Samoan gov ernment by Mataafa, had an interview with the noted chief. Mataafa when asked why he had been proclaimed King, said that Malietoa Taputek being dead, the Samoans had a right to elect a new King and he was chosen. According to Mataafa's view this was not in violation of the Berlin treaty and in the version of the treaty printed in Samoa, there is no stipulation made by Count Bismarck that Mataafa should never be King. Mataafa admitted, however, that he had been warned that there was a stipulation against his being King and said he had approached the German consul about the matter, who said the German government had forgotten the past and now had no objection to his becoming to the treaty printed for the Samoans. Mataafa declared that he sought to be King so as to bring peace to Samoa.

anxiously awaiting the decision of the

powers and in the meantime it is not thought

been the island home of R. L. Stevenson.

has just been purchased by Herr Gunst, of

Hamburg. He intends to make his winter

home in Samoa, spending the summer in

there will be any further disturbance.

CHAIN IS ENDLESS.

Miss Schenck Cannot Stop the Flow of Letters in Behalf of Sick Soldiers.

NEW YORK, March &-Miss Nathalie Schenck's endless chain is still as endless as ever. Every Monday morning, even now, the postman drops from forty to fifty letters at the door, and on other days in the week there are anywhere from fifteen to twentyfive. Miss Schenck's endless chain was started last summer when the sick and very heavy business for a considerable wounded began streaming home from the time past. Santiago campaign. She thought it would be a worthy charity to supply ice to them. and at the time calculated that about \$4,000 would buy all the ice necessary. So, in the enthusiasm of her idea, Miss Schenck sat down and wrote four letters, each one to a friend. She asked them to send a dime to her, and for each one to write the same number of letters to other friends. They did so, and the next day the dimes began coming. The endless letter chain has brought in \$25,000, all of which has been turned over to the Red Cross.

TO QUIT CUBA.

(Concluded from First Page.) entertained during their stay by leading people of Augusta.

Sick and Discharged Soldiers.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.-The Steamvalescent sick and discharged soldiers from Honolulu. The soldiers who returned are as follows:

First Colorado-James R. Cooper, G. A. Baker, William Davidson, William Elk. Frank Griffith, Ed D. Lewis, Hampton Skinner, Von Falle Wagner, H. P. Baker. First Nebraska-Louis Freyez, William A Coon, Jesse Fardus, Ed Schoop, George W. Wilson, James Anderson, Louis M

Engineer Corps-Norman Griffith, William Johnson, C. P. Ranyon, George M. Thompson, H. Westbrook, Herbert H. Haws. Colored Kansans.

CINCINNATI, O., March 8 .- The Twenty-

third Kansas Infantry (colored) arrived here to-day by the Chesapeake & Ohio Railroad and left by the Big Four to be mustered out at Leavenworth. They were under command of Lieut. James Beck.

FAIR AND WARMER TO-DAY Sentle Spring Breezes Will Also Blow from the Southland.

WASHINGTON, March 8, 8 p. m .- Forecast for twenty-four hours: For Indiana and Illinois-Fair; warmer

For Ohio-Fair; warmer; continued warm Friday; fresh to brisk south to east winds. Veather Conditions and General Forecast rise in temperature from the Rocky mountains eastward, due to moderate low pres-The temperatures, however, remain from 2 to 20 below the seasonal average from the east gulf and south Atlantic States northward. In Montana and extreme northwest North Dakota the temperature has fallen from 10 to 12 degrees. In the Pacific coast and plateau regions fair weather has continued, except on the north and middle Company, the Brown-Bonnell Iron Company

coast, where there were light rains. Fair weather will continue generally during Thursday, except in the northern upper lake region, where light snows or rains are indicated. The temperatures will rise decidedly from the Mississippi valley eastward, and are likely to fall in the extreme Northwest and central Rocky mountain region. The warm weather will also continue during Friday in the east gulf and east Atlantic States and the lower lake region. On the Atlantic coast fresh to brisk south to east winds will prevail.

Local Observations on Wednesday. Bar, Ther. R.H. Wind. Weather, Pre. a. m. .30.48 13 77 South. Pt.Cl'dy. 0.0 7 p. m. .20.15 33 69 South, Cloudy, 0.60 Maximum temperature, 34; minimum tem-

Normal Departure from normal.....-17 Departure since March 1..... -66 Departure since Jan. 1.......-303 C. F. R. WAPPENHANS,

-0.84

Following is a comparative statement of

the temperature and precipitation March 8:

The same of the sa				1.00
Yesterday's Tem	pera	tures.		
Stations.	Min.	Max.	7 p. m.	NE
lanta, Gasmarck, N. D	24	38 50	28 42	who
affalo, N. Y		26 22	22 20 26	othe a ve
dro, Ill	32	90 33	50 50	billiti Mr.
ncinnati, O	16 28	36 70	34 58	to a Nob
es Moices, Ia	14	.52	36 48	Will

Galveston, Tex..... 58 Helena, Mont...... 34 Jacksonville, Fla..... 26 ansas City, Mo..... 16 Little Rock, Ark..... 2 Marquette. Mich..... Memphis, Tenn..... Nashville, Tenn.... New Orleans, La..... 48 New York, N. Y. North Platte, Neb..... Oklahoma, O. T..... Omeha, Neb..... Rapid City, S. D... Salt Lake City, Utah.... 42 St. Louis, Mo...... St. Paul, Minn.....

Washington, D. C.....

INTERNATIONAL STEAM PUMP COM-PANY TO BE ORGANIZED.

Will Have a Capital Stock of \$27,000, 000-Latest Concerning the Billion-Dollar Coal "Combine."

NEW YORK, March 8 .- Within a short time the International Steam Pump Company will be organized under the laws of New Jersey, with a capital of \$27,500,000, bine completed. tive preferred stock, and \$15,000,000 common stock. The new company will acquire the control of the business of the following corporations: Henry R. Worthington corporation, with a manufactory at Brooklyn, N. assets of the company, \$6,148,355. It has branches and agencies throughout the world and did a foreign business in 1898 stated at \$1,350,000. Blake & Knowles steam-pump works, limited, with works at East Cambridge and Warren, Mass.; assets, \$3,178,000. eral large sales were made at that price. Deane steam-pump works, with factory at Holyoke, Mass.; assets, \$1,155,000. Laidlawarrest by the court officers. Everybody is | Dunn-Gordon Company, with works at Cincinnati; assets, \$800,000. Snow steam-pump works, with works at Buffalo; assets, \$700,-"Vaillamo," world-famed through having | 000

These five companies have been brought under one head for the purpose of carrying on the manufacture of steam pumps. The combined assets are \$11,981,355, and the net earnings of the five companies are stated at \$1,211,973. Each of the five companies now maintain agencies in the principal cities of the United States and it is estimated that they do about 90 per cent. of the steam pump business of this country exclusive of high duty engines. The Worthington and Blake companies have stores and carry stocks in London, Paris, Hamburg, Vienna and other foreign cities. All the agencies in this and other countries will be

Out of the authorized capital there will be reserved and set apart an amount of King. The protocol, which contains the stip-ulation against Mataafa, was not attached of the \$2,000,000 7-per-cent. cumulative prepreferred stock at par for the retirement ferred shares of Henry C. Worthington, and \$1,150,000 6-per-cent, debentures and \$500,000 8-per-cent, preference shares of the Blake & Knowles Company. The president of the new company is to be Charles C. Worthington, and the treasurer, Max Nathan. The proposed directors are: Charles C Worthington, William L. Bull, Theodore F. Miller, Max Nathan, Charles L. Broadbent, Marcus Stinel, Lewis E. Bellows, John C. Mackintosh, Robert Laidlaw, John W.

The Dean Brothers' steam pump manufacturing plant of this city is not in the new combine, although it is reported that an effort was made to bring it in the fold. The Indianapolis plant is the largest of its kind in the State and has been doing a

A BILLION-DOLLAR TRUST.

Gossip About the Proposed Combination of Eastern Coal Interests.

NEW YORK, March 8.-The Evening Post, referring to the rumored coal combination and J. Pierpont Morgan's connection with it, to-day says: "The union of the Scranton coal companies is believed to have been effected through deposits of their stock with the Guaranty Trust Company of this city. The purchase of these companies is a part of a comprehensive plan for control of the anthracite output and, while it is said that no more independent collieries are at present the subject of negotiation, yet it may be taken as assured | Cortes, on the guif coast of Honduras, will that the Scranton mines were first taken under control because of the dangerous er Alameda brought a large number of con- proportions which the proposed independent anthracite line had assumed, and that others will be taken if the projectors of the plan for uniting the anthracite output see any endangering of their plans for maintaining prices on a profitable basis. Negotiations are known to be in progress with operators in other districts. The visit of J. P. Morgan to England has been taken as stated to-day, by those in a position to know, that Mr. Morgan's visit had no relabe made the occasion for any definite an- | request to investigate it. nouncement of a coal combination. That is just what he and the anthracite presidents wish to avoid. It is, nevertheless, a fact that all anthracite interests are now striving to regulate the outputs and make the industry fairly profitable. PHILADELPHIA, March 8.-Nothing of

confirmatory nature could be learned here to-day relative to the published report of a consolidation of the great Eastern coal interests which, it was said, would be placed under one management with a capital of nearly a billion dollars. Philadelphia officials of the companies mentioned as having entered the deal here refused to say anything at all on the subject, or declared they had received no information regarding ! Many men in financial circles were inclined to doubt the story.

Options on Shipyards.

CLEVELAND, O., March 8 .- The promoters of the shipyard combine have, it is stated, secured options on nearly every shipyard on the great lakes. The owners of the plants selling out to the trust have agreed to take 50 per cent. of the amount -Fair weather has been general to-day, Cleveland Ship-building Company, however, only a few light, scattered snow flurries has declined to accept the price offered for having occurred. There has been a marked its plant. The promoters of the combine say that they will eventually report an agreement with the latter concern by which it will be brought in. It is understood to Bure area, which occupies the central West, be the intention to close down a number of the smaller shipyards permanently as soon as the new company is organized, while the big plants will be enlarged and improved.

Another Rolling Mills Combination. YOUNGSTOWN, O., March 8.-Representatives of the Mahoning Valley Iron and the Andrews Company, three local rolling mills outside the two great combines. are in Chicago to-day forming a combination with representatives of thirty-one other mills west of Pittsburg. It is reported here that the big deal will be consummated to-morrow and that the capitalization of the new concern will be \$20,000,000. Since the formation of the National Steel Company outside mills are said to be experiencing lifficulty in obtaining steel and the erection of a new steel plant is also under considera-

Brooms Up 50 Cents a Dozen.

CHICAGO, March 8.-The convention of manufacturers of brooms, after a two days session, adjourned to-day, having decided to raise the price of brooms throughout the United States 50 cents a dozen on all grades under \$3.50 per dozen. The broom corn dealers' also adjourned, but did not decide or anything definite. A second meeting will be called within a few weeks. The meeting wil be held in Chicago and members of the dealers' association forecast an advance to \$175 a ton on broom corn. Still other advances in prices may be loked for if the Local Forecast Official. | visible supply does not increase.

New York Builder Fails. EW YORK, March 8 .- William Noble built the Grenoble Hotel, the Grenoble rtment house, the Empire Hotel and r well-known buildings in this city, filed oluntary petition in bankruptcy. les \$1,027,460, of which \$810,000 is secured. Noble's failure was due, it was learned. venture in the newspaper field. Mr. le disposed of the Empire Hotel a year wo ago. He was the owner of the Fort iam Henry Hotel at Lake George, The tel Grenoble was sold under foreclosure proceedings a year ago to satisfy claims

of a second mortgage. Western Union Dividend.

NEW YORK, March 8 .- The directors of the Western Union Telegraph Company have declared the regular quarterly dividend of 14 per cent., payable April 15. The statement for the quarter ending March 31, with March estimated, shows net revenue, \$1. 250,000, an increase of \$94,477, and a deficit after interest and dividend, of \$191,260, a de

Three-Million-Dollar Shipyard.

on Wall street to-day that the capitalists who plan to build a new shipyard on the of the burden of the duties of the position Atlantic coast had secured the entire amount imposed upon her.

of subscriptions, \$3,000,000. The location of of subscriptions, \$3,000,000. The location of SUFFERING FROM HEAT under consideration are New York, Baltimore and a site on the Delaware river. Youngstown (O.) capitalists and investors in New York and Philadelphia subscribed most of the money. It is expected that the site will be selected within about ten days and the preliminary work started immediately afterward.

The Proposed Casket "Combine." UPPER SANDUSKY, O., March 8.-It is learned on the most reliable authority that the capital stock of the new casket combine will be \$28,000,000, and that J. Pierpont Morgan, of New York, will float the bonds. The trust will include 113 casket companies and casket hardware factories, one-third of which will be shut down as soon as the trust is incorporated, which will be done in New Jersey. Two months may see the com-

Stoves May Be Advanced in Price. CHICAGO, March 8.-The meeting of Western stove manufacturers, which was scheduled for to-day, was postponed until to-morrow, only the vanguard of the manufacturers having reached Chicago. It is expected an advance of 10 per cent. will result.

Steel Billets Up to \$24 a Ton. PITTBURG, Pa., March 8.-Steel billets took another jump upward to-day and sold at \$24 a ton, the highest price since 1890. Sev-

OBITUARY.

Gen. M. S. Littlefield, Who Studied Law in Abraham Lincoln's Office.

NEW YORK, March 8.-General M. S. Littlefield is dead at his home, in this city, American Soldiers Were Frequently of apoplexy, aged sixty-six years.

Moulton Smith Littlefield studied law in Abraham Lincoln's office in Springfield, Ill., and for some time practiced in the same office. When the civil war broke out Mr. Littlefield became captain of Company F. Fourteenth Illinois Volunteers, which was who was then colonel. General Littlefield went through the campaign of 1862 as Gen. Sherman's provost marshal and was stationed at Memphis, Tenn. Later he was transferred to the department of the South, with headquarters at Holtonhead, S. C. He also served in the siege of Charleston. general of Colorado troops and was prominent in organizing colored regiments. In has been interested in railroads in the South and North and other business affairs.

Robert S. Gardiner. BOSTON, March 8 .- Robert S. Gardiner, president of the Rand-Avery Supply Company, of this city, died suddenly at his home here this morning from apoplexy. He was fifty-seven years of age. He was a vet-Dunn, Daniel O'Day, James H. Snow, Philip eran of the civil war. He formed the Rand-Lehman and Edward F. C. Young. Avery Supply Company in 1882. He was Avery Supply Company in 1882. He was vice president and general manager until five or six years ago, when he became presi-

Louisa R. Quackenbos.

NEW YORK, March 8.-Louisa R. Quackenbos, who was co-author with her hus band, the late George Payn Quackenbos, of the Quackenbos series of school text-books, is dead at her home, in this city, aged seventy-two years.

Baron Truro. LONDON. March 8.-Thomas Montague Morrison Wilde, third Baron Truro, grandnephew of the celebrated Baron Truro, former lord chancellor of England, died to-day

SAMPSON'S SQUADRON.

at Mentone, in his forty-third year.

Its Appearance in Puerta Cortes May Quicken Action by Honduras.

WASHINGTON, March 8.-Next Tuesday the inhabitants of the little port of Puerta see anchored in their harbor, for the first time, probably, the entire North Atlantic squadron of the United States. Admiral Sampson will go there directly from Havana, and possibly the appearance of the ships may stimulate the Honduran government to action in the case of the murder of Mr. Pears, a native of Pittsburg, Pa. who was shot by a sentinel on account of having a bearing on the coal deal. It was his ignorance of the Spanish language. The commander of the Machias has been looking into the case, but it is supposed that the tion to any such move, nor is his return to | Honduran government has not heeded our

Gunboats at Kingston.

KINGSTON Jamaica, March 8. - The United States gunboats Annapolis and Vicksburg have arrived here in advance of Preparations are being made by the civil and naval authorities for suitably entertaining Rear Admiral Sampson and his officers during their visit to this port. Public sympathy with the United States is evidenced by the general display of American flags throughout the city and on the shipping in

Movements of Steamers.

LIVERPOOL, March 8 .- Arrived: Cephaonia, from Boston. Sailed: Sylvania, for Boston; Waesland, for Philadelphia. SOUTHAMPTON, March 8.-Arrived: St. Louis, from New York. Sailed: Lahn, for NEW YORK, March 8 .- Sailed: South-

wark, for Antwerp; Majestic, for Liverpool. Wilhelm II, from New York. MOVILLE, March 8 .- Arrived: Furnessia,

from New York. NAPLES, March 6 .- Sailed: Aller, for New

MAKING PROGRESS.

Rudyard Kipling and His Daughter Recovering Slowly.

NEW YORK, March 8 .- Rudyard Kipling's health continues to mend slowly. So far beef tea is his only article of diet and nothing will be added to it until an improvement in his condition will permit. He has not yet been told of the death of his daughter Josephine. Elsie, the other daughter,

rested quietly to-day. At 10 o'clock to-night Mr. Kipling was said to be resting quietly and making encouraging progress. It was said he probably will be moved to another suite in the hotel in another week, merely to give him change of surroundings. The following bulletin was issued at 2:15 p. m.; "Mr. Kipling has continued to improve. He has only a very light fever, less to-day than at any previous time. This was due to coexistent pleurisy, which is lessen-

VALUABLE CONCESSION.

Grant of 33,000,000 Acres-To Be Colonized by Spanish Soldiers.

CORPUS CHRISTI, Tex., March 8.-Dr. J. Diaz Prieto. Mexican consul at this place, has just been granted the sole right to rethe districts of Montezuma, Sahuhaesipa and Arispe, Sonero, Mexico, comprising some preciation of Dr. Prieto's success in bringing foreign capital into Mexico.

MISS HAZARD HONORED.

A Well-Known Writer Elected President of Wellesley College.

WELLESLEY, Mass, March 8.-Miss Caroline Hazard, of Peacedale, R. I., has been elected president of Wellesley College to succeed Mrs. Julia J. Irvin.

Miss Hazard is forty-two years of age, and is widely known both by her writings and through her membership in a family which for many generations has been promnent in affairs. She is a granddaughter of Rowland G. Hazard, a manufacturer of NEW YORK, March &-It was announced | Peacedale, and a writer on philosophical

AMERICAN SOLDIERS AT MANILA SWELTERING IN STEAM-LIKE AIR.

Situation in the Philippines as Viewed by Returning Travelers-Complaints of Our Troops.

MANILA, March 8 .- The temperature today at 3 o'clock was eighty-seven degrees, but the cloudy air was like steam and the troops were greatly inconvenienced on the line in spite of the temporary shade afforded by matting and bamboos wherever feasible. There were fewer prostrations, however, from the heat. Our troops to-day are not compelled to remain in the open country to the same extent as yesterday, when they were engaged in clearing the jungle. The rebels seldom appear in the open except in the cool of the morning and in the evening. Our soldiers will probably feel the heat less when they are on the

The following lights on the coast of Panav and Guianaras islands have been re-established: Manigonizo, Zeigantes, Calabazas, Sietopecados, Iloilo and Luzarana. The French second-class cruiser Jean Bart has arrived here.

TAUNTED BY FILIPINOS.

Insulted by Native Soldiers. VANCOUVER, B. C., March &-Mail ad-

vices from Manila brought by the steamer Empress of India throw some sidelights on the causes of hostility between Americans and insurgents. An Englishman who witnessed the first outbreak says: "I was told commanded by General John M. Palmer, | that Aguinaldo had displayed a flag of truce, but that Dewey refused to recognize it, adding that the Filipinos started the fighting and they would have to abide by it. An oid Filipino told me it was the best thing that could have happened, as, if the Americans He was for some time on the staff of Gen. | gave the Filipinos a thorough good drubbing J. C. Gilmore and was afterward inspector | now, they would have peace for the next fifty years. American soldiers whom I have June, 1866, General Littlefield was honorably spoken to complained that the taunts and discharged from the army. Since that time gibes they had to put up with from the mon thing for a Filipino to tell them that they could not fight, and that one Filipino was better than a dozen Americans.

An American gentleman named Crocker, who saw a good deal of the stirring events at Manila, corroborates the statement as to American soldiers having to put up with all kinds of insulting language from insurgent sentries, saying that the Filipinos would frequently walk up to them, point bayonets at their faces and taunt them. Soldiers had, however, strict orders to take no notice of them unless they fired, when firing was to be returned with inter-Mr. Crocker states that before the outbreak took place the soldiers to whom he had spoken frequently exclaimed to him: "We cannot stand it much longer." Mr. Crocker added that in firing upon the Americans the Filipinos wished to see how much the Americans would stand. John Barrett, formerly American minister to Siam, at Hong-Kong addressed a special dispatch to the Associated Press in which

he speaks of the form of government which should prevail and said: "Judging from my ewn investigation of the Philippin islands, their resources, possibilities, location, inhabitants, customs, habits and capability of leaders of people, the happiest solution of the present problems and difficulties would be the careful establishment of a semi-independent protectorate, under the general control or guidance of the United States, until and provided that the Philippines shall prove quality and ability to stand alone, the United States reserving for itself some port like that of Subig bay for a naval station and securing for itself and other nations in the event of eventual independence extraterritorial right of jurisdiction over nations as we now have in Japan, China, Siam, Persia and Turkey, I would lay special stress on this point of territorial rights as assisting in settling Philippine

WILL USE KRAG-JORGENSENS.

on the Condor and came to America in Regulars Will Soon Give Filipinos safety. Lessons in Sharpshooting. WASHINGTON, March 8 .- A fact in connection with the regulars who are now reinforcing General Otis in the Philippines Explosion of Nitroglycerin That that is giving considerable satisfaction to the War Department is that they are all armed with the "Caliber 30" rifle, commonly known as the Krag-Jorgensen. There has been more or less uneasiness over the fact that the volunteers on the firing line around Manila were at a decided disadvantage against the natives owing to the fact burned and other damage done. It was that the Filipino sharpshooters, armed with caused by nitroglycerin used in drilling Mausers, could keep out of range of the George French, Jamestown, N. Y., and V. Springfields, with which our volunteers were Michaels, a farmer, were killed. Tom Carrell. John Metcalf and Charles Blair were armed. This was not only the source of a good many casualties among our troops, but had a bad moral effect on them, as it was on the Gartland Oil Company's lease, three miles north of Ellenborough. very trying to be continually under fire from an enemy who kept discreetly out of range. With the arrival of the regulars this situation will be completely changed. The reinforcements all have the "Caliber rifle, which is practically just as good a gun as the Mauser, while in addition our regular troops are sharpshooters almost to man. This is largely owing to the fact that for years the target ammunition allowance in our small army has been about \$6 per annum, an amount no European nation has ever thought of spending. This does not victed of the murder of Mrs. John P. Dun-GIBRALTAR, March 7 .- Arrived: Kaiser | say that there are not many excellent shots among the volunteers, and though the War Department has no definite information on | of poisoned candy sent through the mails, the subject, there is little doubt that the to-day applied for a divorce on the ground best shots among the volunteers are armed that his wife had been convicted of a with the new rifles already, 2,000 stands of | felony. these arms having already been sent to General Otis, while there are 6,000 more awaiting his order at the Benecla arsenal. There have been some reports recently of the wounding of some of our own men by explosions of the Springfields, and it has been suggested in the War Department that possibly this was the result of trying the new smokeless ammunition in these guns. But this is discredited by the ordnance one reducing telegraph tolls within the State bureau, which says that, although there have been shipments of smokeless ammunition for the Springfields, that it is not likely the volunteers have yet received it. In addition the charge of the smokeless powder

overtax the resistance of the old Springfield

has been accurately gauged so as not to

WORK OF THE RED CROSS. Women Nurses and \$20,000 Worth of Supplies Sent to the Philippines. NEW YORK, March 8 .- The fact that the soldiers who are wounded in the trenches around Manila and elsewhere in the Philippines need care has not been overlooked by the New York branch of the Red Cross Soclety. More than \$20,000 worth of clothing. medicinal supplies and delicacies have been shipped recently to Manila, and many nurses have been sent thither. Within a week or so there will be a thoroughly equipped field hospital for General Otis's troops. This hospital will be under the management of Miss Margaret Henshall, who was detailed by the New York auxiliary of the Red Cross to take charge of the work of relief in the claim 33,000,000 acres of government land in | Philippines, Miss Henshall left New York on the United States transport Grant, which is due to arrive in Manila bay within the next two or three days. Three trained nurses of the gold lands of the Yaqui country. The | are with Miss Henshall. Another consignagricultural tracts of this vast grant are to | ment of supplies for the Manila hospital be colonized by Spanish ex-soldiers from | was sent by the New York Red Cross aux-Porto Rico and Cuba. A conservative esti- | iliary on the United States transport Shermate places the value of the grant at about | man, under the guidance of Miss Starr, who \$40,000,000. The grant was made by the Mex- has three trained nurses with her. When ican government as a testimonial of its ap- | the transport Sheridan sailed for the East, a few days later, another shipment of medical supplies was made, Miss Gladwin and three nurses being in charge. "The San Francisco branch of the Red

Cross has been doing most of the work of relief among the wounded soldiers of the army in the Philippines," said Chairman Dodge, of the New York supply commission of the society, "but we saw that the New York auxiliary would find plenty to do

Casualties Reported by Otis. WASHINGTON, March 8.-The following

list of casualtles was received from General Otis at Manila to-day:

March 4, near San Pedro Macati-Wounded: First Washington, Company C, Corporal Frank A. Johnson, breast, slight. March 6-Wounded: Sixth Artillery, Battery D. Blacksmith Louis Heibeck, leg slight; First Washington, Company K. Priubjects. Mrs. Irvine's retirement is due to vate Frank L. Rose, chest, slight; Company acreasing age and a desire to be relieved H. Stolemon S. Ruffell, thigh, moderate. H. Stolemon S. Ruffell, thigh, moderate. Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets remove was shot and severely wounded by burglars, Injured: First Washington, Company M. the cause that produces La Grippe. The Private Fred C. Thorry, foot crushed on genuine has L. B. Q. on each Tablet. 252.

Marquena road. Wounded: First Nebraska, Company F, Corporal Walter J. Huntington, chest, severe; Company I, Private Charles A. Louis, hip, severe; John Trimble, thigh, severe; Second Oregon, Company G. Private

Harry L. Stantom, leg, moderate; Albert A.

Eide, abdomen, severe. Hospital corps, Pri-

The Baltimore and Monterey.

WASHINGTON, March 8 .- The Navy De-

partment is informed that the cruiser Balti-

more and the monitor Monterey, which have

been in dock at Hong-Kong, have arrived

Cruiser Raleigh Returning.

ALGIERS, March 8.-The United States

cruiser Raleigh, on her way from Manila,

arrived here this afternoon and is coaling,

WHIPPED BY MASKED MEN.

Vagrant and Others Flogged and Or-

MISSOURI CITY, Mo., March 8.-This

morning sixty masked men battered down

the jail door and seized Odit Summers, who

was locked up on a charge of vagrancy.

They took him to the public school grounds,

stripped him, tied him to a tree and lashed

him forty times with a twisted grass rope

IN NICARAGUA.

Americans Who Enlisted in the

Insurgent Cause.

ship Condor arrived to-night from Blue-

mostly the Americans composing the body

known as "Rough Riders," with Capt. J. C.

Kennedy in command. They tell the story

of the revolution which failed. They had

been sent to attack Greytown, marching

overland, and the San Jacinto, the gunboat

which the revolutionists seized, was kept

close to the shore to supply them with ra-

tions and aid in the attack. When they got

half way they ran into another gunboat

which Nicaragua had borrowed from Hon-

duras. The San Jacinto could have sunk

Honduran gave pursuit, but when she got

near enough to use her stationary gun the

San Jacinto ran up the white flag. Her

captain made terms for the soldiers as well,

and then both boats steamed up and made

known the fact that the revolution was

over and Reyes had fled. They went back

to Bluefields and found the revolution really

Eleven Americans had led a victory at

Rama, but after that were deserted by the

Bluefields. Reyes had been told that his

armies were defeated and the Nicaraguans

in the interior had joined the Zelaya stand-

ard instead of his, so he sought safety by

Tore. The Rough Riders were taken aboard

the Condor and sailed for America under

the terms made with General Ruhlin after

the gunboats met. General Ruhlin is now

in jail at Bluefields for letting the insur-

gents off so easily. A Spanish priest at

Rama, who aided the insurgents, was to

have been shot for the prominent part he

took in breeding revolt, but he stowed away

ON WHISKY RUN.

Killed Two Men and Injured Others.

PARKERSBURG, W. Va., March 8.-An

explosion occurred on Whisky run, near

here, this afternoon, in which two men

dangerously injured, and William Hopkins

was seriously injured. The well is located

aration from His Convict Wife.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 8.-Welcome A

Botkin, husband of Cordelia Botkin, con-

Work of a Kansas Legislature.

lower house probably prevented any radi-

cal legislation. Among the laws enacted is

40 per cent. The telegraph companies will

fight the law in the courts. Another impor-

tant measure provides for the manufacture

of binding twine in the state penitentiary

and appropriates \$40,000 for the installing

of machinery and \$150,000 for a revolving

Rich Gold Ore Found.

est gold ore yet found in Republic camp on

the Colville reservation was discovered in

the Flag Hill claim to-day. Telluride or

was encountered in the shaft at a depth of

twenty feet, which assays \$18,987 per ton.

been made in the Bunker Hill mine on

face of the tunnel is now in remarkably

rich ore and from sixty pounds of rock tak-

en from the waste dump and pounded out

in a hand mortar, fourteen ounces of gold

Seal Hunters Inspected.

McCallum, the Governor, to-day held

ST. JOHN, N. F., March 8 .- Sir Henry

are to leave for the ice fields on Friday.

It is believed he took this step in the in-

view of determining the utility of the men

for the colonial naval reserve. He expressed

himself as well pleased with their physical

Kipling May Be a Peer.

NEW YORK, March &-Rudyard Kip-

ter, of Edinburgh, Scotland, who is staying

the news from Sir Walter Besant. He adds

that the report is common gossip in the

Tube Wire Gun Tested.

READING, Pa., March 8 .- A preliminary

test of the new brown segmental tube-wire

gun was made to-day at the proving

grounds near Birdsboro. Captain MacNutt,

of the Ordnance Department, conducted the

test. Three shots were fired and the gun

worked satisfactorily. The official test will be made to-morrow, when 100 shots will be

Suicide of a Confessed Murderer.

LANSING, Mich., March 8.-Sheriff Porter

has received notice that Peter Sevalia, who was arrested recently at Newport, Ark., for

the murder of Frank Hayn, in this city,

seventeen years ago, has committed suicide,

THE GRIP CURE THAT DOES CURE.

after having confessed his crime.

literary circles of London.

Palmer mountain in Okanogan county. The

A sensational strike of gold ore has also

SPOKANE, Wash., March 8.-The rich-

fund to carry on the work.

was taken.

appearance.

the enemy, but turned tail and fled.

they were punished.

dered to Leave Town.

preparatory to resuming her journey.

vate Cornelius M. Monahan, leg, severe.

Frank A. Lovejoy.

CONGRATULATED BY OVER 100,000 GERMAN-AMERICANS.

March 7, near San Pedro Macati-First Washington: Killed, Company C, Private

Presented with a Punch Bowl and Ladle and His Name Given to a Chair in Columbia University.

NEW YORK, March 8.-Carl Schurz was the guest of honor at a dinner given tonight in Liederkranz Hall, in celebration of Mr. Schurz's seventieth birthday, and more than 600 German-Americans were present. From first to last the occasion was an ovation to Mr. Schurz. Diplomas of honorary membership in a number of different societies were presented to him. The Leiderkranz Society gave him a magnificent punch bowl and ladie in solid silver. An address of congratulation signed by 100,000 German-Americans in all sections of the United States, and bound in calf, was given to him, and it was announced that it has been decided to raise \$20,000 to found a library and endow a Schurz chair of German literature at Columbia University.

He was then released and warned to leave The dinner was under the auspices of the Clay county, and never return. The mob German Social Scientific Society and was afterwards secured Jim Jackson, Jesse Yates, jr., Joe Asbury, Dennis Stevens and served in the big Liederkranz ballroom. The Ben Monkers. The five prisoners were taken guests sat at six large tables placed at right to a stone quarry, stripped, whipped and angles to the speaker's table. The tables admonished to leave Clay county. The victims declare that they do not know why were distinguished by floral letters that spelled the name of Schurz. The banqueting began promptly at 7:30 o'clock, but was ROUGH RIDERS RETURN interrupted an hour later by the formal presentation of the gifts and the diplomas. The diploma of the German Social Scientific Society was presented by Dr. Max Toeplitz; HAD SOME FUN, BUT LITTLE GLORY, that of the German Society of New York by Julius Hoffman; of the German Club by E. J. Siendenburg; of the Hebrew Technical Institute by James H. Hoffman, and that of the German Liedrank by Dr. W. F. Story of the Revolution as Told by Mittendorf. Dr. Mittendorf also presented the punch bowl, and then a big arm chair of flowers was brought in for Mr. Schurz, with the compliments of the ladies of the

Liederkranz. As soon as the cheers that greeted the ladies' gift were hushed Henry Villard obtained the floor. He announced that friends NEW ORLEANS, March 8 .- The steam- and admirers of Mrs. Schurz had decided to raise \$20,000 for a German library, to be wn as the Schurz library, at C University, and a professorship of German at the same university, to be known as the Schurz chair of German literature. Ludwig Thoma made the first address and was followed by George Von Schal and Prof. Knou Francke. Mr. Villard then made the presentation speech and gave Mr. Schurz the congratulatory album. Dr. F. W. Halls was the next speaker. The guest of the evening, Carl Schurz, was then introduced. He was unable to proceed for some minutes because of the ovation given to him. When able to make

himself heard Mr. Schurz replied in fitting Telegrams of congratulation from more than a score of German societies and from every part of the country were received and read during the evening.

LI HUNG CHANG NEEDED.

Ordered to Return to Peking and Assist the Empress Dowager.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 8 .- Advices from China by the steamer Empress of Japan state that Li Hung Chang, who has recently been busily occupied in determining natives and also compelled to return to and preparing for the construction of Yellow river works in Shan-Tung province, has been ordered by an imperial edict of the Empress dowager to return post haste to Peking. It is stated that this step is due escaping on the Bonaventure to Bocas del to the uncertainty of foreign and palace politics at present, and the Empress dowager appears to wish to have her old adviser by her side when the occasion arises. Meanwhile the Emperor, Kwang Hsu, appears only to be kept alive at the dowager Empress's will. He may be murdered any day. The Empress dowager's fear of the minister of Great Britain, America, etc., alone prevented the summary poisoning of the Emperor after the coup d'etat of September last, and the consequence was that the health of the Emperor gradually recovered, the idea being that slow poisoning had been attempted. Encouraged, however, by the apparent indifference of the foreign representatives, as Kwang continued existence especially by the cordiality with which the wives of the foreign ambassadors accepted the invitation to the palace, the Empress dowager urged on by Kang Yi, presdent of the board of punishments, has now determined to make away with Kwang Hsu

A Peking letter in confirmation of the above states that the Emperor's health has recently grown worse and this appears to point to the fact that the Empress dowager has now learned the device of pitting the jealousies of the opposing ministers against each other and reaping benefits therefrom.

IN THE TENTH ROUND.

SUES FOR DIVORCE Charles Lawler Defeated by Ex-Champion Jim Hall. Welcome A. Botkin Wants Legal Sep-

MEMPHIS, Tenn., March 8.-Jim Hall, exchampion of Australia, to-night defeated Charles Lawler, of Louisville, Ky., after ten rounds of fairly good fighting. Honors were | credit rests on a better basis than ours? ning, of Dover, Del., through the agency forced the fighting, but seemed to do but little damage. Hall drew first blood in the third round. In the tenth round Hall delivered a hard right-hand blow on the body and raised it to Lawler's jaw, putting the latter on the floor. He arose before being counted out, but was weak and his arms hung limp at his sides. Hall then delivered TOPEKA, Kan., March 8.-The Kansas the finishing touch and was given the de-Legislature adjourned sine die to-night. The cision. The mill was witnessed by about fact that the Populists were in control in 1.500 people and was under the auspices of the upper house and the Republicans in the the South Memphis Athletic Club.

General Sporting News.

Oscar Gardner has arranged a match with Jimmie Murray, of Cincinnati, for a glove contest of twenty rounds, to take place at Hot Springs, Ark. The Washington Baseball Club is now

ing the last. Catcher McGuire probably will be traded to either Brooklyn, Cincinnati or The Nutwood Driving Club, of Dubuque Ia., has added a purse of \$5,000 for a freefor-all trotting stallion race, the first of this class since 1892 at Grand Rapids, which was won by Alvin in 2:11. This brings the total of Dubuque's purses to \$87,000.

ompiete for next season, all players having

signed their contracts, James F. Slagle be-

Rotten Mortar in Chimneys. Hartford City (Ind.) Telegram.

A prominent contractor of Hartford City said that there was not a good brick chimney in town which had been built for eight years and did not have a fire-clay lining. The mortar has been eaten by the gas until it becomes in many places as soft as wood ashes, and is blown out by the winds. In some chimneys this rotten mortar has formal inspection of 3,000 seal hunters who left holes near the roof, and a hot fire will sooner or later ignite the shingles. With the return to wood or coal there will be terest of the British government with a numerous fires unless the chimneys are rebuilt. It will pay every property holder to examine his chimneys and make such repairs as the condition seems to warrant.

Convention of Plumbers. NEW ORLEANS, La., March 8.-The Na-

to-day, being welcomed by Mayor Flower ling, it is reported will be elevated to the peerage on Jan. 1, 1900. Dr. Neil MacPhatin a brief address. The session opened at Odd Fellows' Hall, which was handsomely at the Windsor Hotel, says he has received decorated. President S. L. Malcolm. of New York, presided and responded to the happy address of the mayor. Then the convention settled down to routine business. Fortune Left a Missing Man.

tional League of Master Plumbers met here

of William and Joseph Borschiz, of Buffalo N. Y., the police are searching for Michae Borschiz, their father. A fortune of \$100,000 has, it is said, been left him. The elder Borschiz came to St. Louis in 1874, but the police can find no trace of him.

ST. LOUIS, Mo., March 8 .- At the request

Losses by Fire. BOSTON, Mass., March 8 .- A large four-

and-one-half-story stone building, occupied by a dozen firms and numbered from 55 to 65 Charlestown street, North End, was practically destroyed by fire to-day, causing a loss estimated at \$75,000.

Editor Wounded by Burgiars. PROVIDENCE, R. I., March 9.-Fred Ray Martin, associate editor of the Journal,

CARL SCHURZ HONORED Munyon's Inhaier

and all Throat and Lung

CURES CATARRH, Colds, Coughs, Asthma. Bronchitis.



It reaches the sore spots. t heals the raw places. t goes to the seat of disease.

Better than doctors.

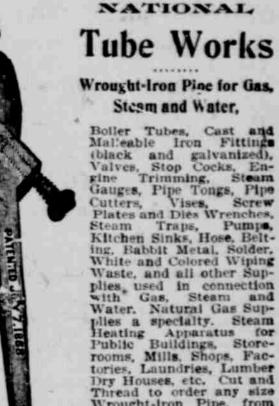
It penetrates obscare places where drugs taken into the stomach cannot reach. It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole

Better than going to Florida. Better than anything you have ever tried. At all druggists, or

Price \$1.00 mailed from our office. If you have Rheur 'ism take my Rheu-If you have Dyspesia take my Dyspepsia

77 Cures for 57 Ailments. Mostly 25c a vial. Write Professor Munyon, 1505 Arch street, Philadelphia, for free medical advice on any

If you have Kidney Disease take my Kid-



Thread to order any size Wrought-iron Pipe, from ½ inch to 12 inches diam-KNIGHT & JILLSON, S. PENNSYLVANIA ST.

UNFAIR CRITICISM. Why Currency Reform Was Not to Be Expected of the Late Congress.

Washington Post.

The Philadelphia Times, in its obituary of the Fifty-fifth Congress, makes these "The Congress was elected upon one issue only, the protection of the public credit. The most important subject it was expected to consider was the reform of the currency, It did nothing at all in this direction, but it had the partial exouse that other subjects, not contemplated in the election of 1898, had in the meantime become paramount. "The Congress" means the Senate and the House of Representatives. Two-thirds of prior to the great campaign which had for its object "the protection of the public credit." When the Fifty-fifth Corgress came in the gold-standard House was offset by a free-coinage Senate. It was a Senate unreservedly committed and enthusiastically devoted to 16 to 1. There was no other occupation in which a majority of that body

that "the Congress was elected upon one issue only, "the protection of the public And who expected, who had any right to expect, such a Congress to reform the currency? Every man of average intelligence and capable of reading the newspapers knew in November, 1896, that only House of Representatives in the next Congress would be in favor of the gold standard, and that the same old silver majority in the Senate would hold on. The failure of many business men and some newspapers to recognize these immutable facts of the situation, and their efforts to force legislation when it was clearly impossible,

found half so much enjoyment as in voting

for free coinage at that ratio. Therefore it

is not fair, because it is untruthful, to say

present a mystery that we have never been able to penetrate. But it should comfort our Philadelphia contemporary to consider the condition of the public credit during the 'ife of the Fiftyfifth Congress. Did it need any protection after the verdict of November, 1867, was rendered? Was there ever a time in our history when the credit of the Nation was more solid than now? Is there a sirgle government on earth whose credit is better than ours? And where is the ration whose about even up to the tenth round. Lawler It is true, however, that semething in the way of currency reform should be done. A House and Senate in accord on the currency issue constitute the first requisite for that work. Such a House and Senate will constitute the Fifty-sixth Congress.

Money for the St. Louis Fair.

ST. LOUIS, March 8.-Two subscriptions of \$100,000 each and one subscription of \$50,-000 have been promised for the \$5,000,000 fund on account of the world's fair to be held in St. Louis in 1963. Enthusiasm prevails and each trade and calling is competing with others to see which can raise the largest amount



aches Mean." The dreadful headaches

"What Head-

which women suffer mean nineteen times out of twenty that there is more trouble than headache. There is probably some unhealthy condition of the delicate organism of womanhood

and often added to this the digestive functions are out of order; these two conditions cause nearly all the headaches from which women suffer.

There are two great remedies specially adapted to these ailments invented by the chief consulting physician of the famous Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute of Buffalo, N. Y., Dr. R. V. Pierce. His world-renowned "Favorite Prescription" is the most successful medicine ever known for the cure of distinctly feminine ailments and his "Golden Medical Discovery" is the one supremely effective cure for digestive difficulties.

Taken in conjunction they completely

rejuvenate the nervous system of weak and debilitated women; giving health, strength and capacity to the nerve-centers; renewed power to the blood-making glands and energetic force to the entire body. A lady living in Coshocton Co., Ohio, Mrs. W. T. Stanton, of Blissfield, writes: "I had female weakness very bad for nearly three years. Had dragging down pains in and above my hips and such dreadful pains in the back and top of my head (just as though someone was lifting me by the hair). Had no ambition, would try to work a few days then would have to lie in bed for a long time. No tongue can express the suffering I endured. I had much pain at monthly periods. I doctored most of the time with as good a physician as there is in the state, but had no ease only when I was quiet and off my feet and then I had more or less pain in my head. When I began taking Dr. Pierce's medicines I weighed 102 pounds, and was very pale and weak. I took twelve bottles of the Favorite Prescription and seven of the Golden Medical Discovery. Now I feel like a different person. Have no

feel it is through God's mercy and your wonder ful medicines that I am cured." Where constipated conditions exist Dr Pierce's mild and agreeable "Pleasant Pellets" should be occasionally used in con-

pain in my head, can do all my work for self,

shand and one child; am gaining in flesh,

nection with the "Prescription.